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APPLICATION NO.	F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/789,772		02/27/2004	Robert R. Miniaci	037A.0001.U1(US)	1888
29683	7590	06/10/2005		EXAMINER	
		SMITH, LLP	FULLER, RODNEY EVAN		
4 RESEARO SHELTON,				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2851	·
			DATE MAILED: 06/10/2005		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/789,772	MINIACI, ROBERT R.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Rodney E. Fuller	2851				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication app	ears on the cover sheet with the	o correspondence address				
Period for Reply							
THE - Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply of period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be y within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) o yill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro y cause the application to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this communication. NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 24 M	arch 2005.					
2a)□	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This	action is non-final.					
3)□							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposit	ion of Claims						
4)⊠	Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-12 and 14-20</u> is/are pending in t	the application.					
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	wn from consideration.					
5)[5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-6,8-12 and 14-20</u> is/are rejected. 7) ☑ Claim(s) <u>1-19</u> is/are objected to.						
·							
· -							
8)∐	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	r election requirement.	**.,				
Applicat	ion Papers		·'				
9)	The specification is objected to by the Examine	г.					
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>28 July 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Offi	ce Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority (under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	(a)-(d) or (f).				
a)☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* (See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	ived. RODNEY FULLER PRIMARY EXAMINER				
	,						
Attachmen	t(s)		K. 346				
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summa					
3) Infor	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) or No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informa 6) Other:	Date al Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Remarks

1. In response to applicant's Amendment, dated March 24, 2005, the examiner acknowledges the cancellation of claims 7 and 13. Claims 1-6, 8-12 and 14-20 are pending.

Claim Objections

- 2. Claims 1-19 are objected to because of the following items:
 - a. (Claims 1, 9): The limitations sets forth that the "lamp bulb is aligned generally horizontally." The term "horizontally" is a relative term, and the reference to which the bulb is horizontally aligned is not set forth.
 - b. (Claims 3, 6, 12, 14): It has been held that the recitation that an element is "adapted to" perform a function is not a positive limitation but only requires the ability to so perform. It does not constitute a limitation in any patentable sense. *In re Hutchison*, 69 USPQ 138.
 - c. Claims 2-6 and 8 depend from claim 1 and therefore include the deficiencies of claim 1.
 - d. Claims 10-12 depend from claim 9 and therefore include the deficiencies of claim 9.
 - e. Claims 15-19 depend from claim 14 and therefore include the deficiencies of claim 14.

Appropriate correction is required.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 4. Claims 9, 11, 12, 14, 19 and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Gibbon, et al. (US 6,736,527).

Regarding claims 9, 14 and 20, Gibbon discloses "a lamp bulb (Fig. 2, ref.# 48) aligned generally horizontally (relative term); a reflector (Fig. 2, ref.# 36) having a rear aperture (Fig. 2, ref.# 36a) with a portion of the lamp bulb extending there through, wherein the rear aperture is larger than a center outer diameter of the lamp bulb (size apparent from Fig. 2), wherein the lamp bulb and the reflector are sized and shaped such that an operator looking rearward from a front side of the lamp bulb and reflector, and looking generally coaxially relative to a center longitudinal axis of the lamp bulb, can see a general ring shaped gap between the reflector and the lamp bulb when the lamp bulb is aligned relative to the reflector(size apparent from Fig. 2)."

Regarding claims 11 and 14, Gibbon discloses "a lamp bulb anode adaptor (Fig. 2, ref.# 38), attached to a lamp bulb anode (Fig. 2, ref.# 44) of the lamp house, which is sized and shaped to space a rear end of the lamp bulb (Fig. 2, ref.# 48) forward from

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the lamp bulb anode and thereby allow the lamp bulb to be located closer to a front end of the lamp house."

Regarding claim 12, Gibbon discloses "cantilevered front cathode lamp bulb holder (Fig. 2, ref.# 56, 62) which extends in a forward direction and is adapted to be deflected to align a front end of the lamp bulb."

Regarding claim 19, Gibbon discloses "a lamp house section cooling fan (Fig. 2, ref.# F)."

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 15 and 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gibbon, et al. (US 6,736,527).

Regarding claim 15, Gibbon discloses all the structure set forth in the claims expect "wherein the reflector comprises a glass reflector for replacing a metal old reflector." However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to use a glass reflector instead of a metal reflector, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to selected a known material on the basis of suitability for the intended use. *In re Leshin*, 125 USPQ 416.

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Regarding claim 17, Gibbon discloses all the structure set forth in the claims except wherein the shutter comprises a shutter of less than about 75 deg." It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gibbon such that the shutter comprises a shutter of less than about 75 deg., since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

7. Claim 18 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gibbon, et al. (US 6,736,527) in view of Renold (US 4,778,093).

Gibbon discloses all the structure set forth in the claim except "wherein the film movement system comprises a high speed intermittent." The use of a film movement system that comprise a high speed intermittent is routine in the art as is evident from the teaching of Renold (See column 1, lines 9-11). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gibbon by including a high speed intermittent. The ordinary artisan would have been motivated to modify Gibbon the manner described above for at least the purpose of allowing the use of large format film (See Renold, column 1, lines 30-36).

8. Claims 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 10 and 16, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gibbon, et al. (US 6,736,527) in view of Belliveau (US 6,048,080).

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Regarding claims 1, 10, 16, Gibbon discloses all the structure set forth in the claims except "wherein the optical member comprises infrared filtering coatings on both a front side and a rear side of the optical member." However, Belliveau discloses a projector system comprising an optical member with infrared filtering coatings provided on both a front side and a rear side of the optical member (See column 5, line 55 – column 7, line 2). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate infrared filtering coatings on both sides of the optical device disclosed by Gibbon. The ordinary artisan would have been motivated to modify Gibbon in the manner described above to reduce the amount of infrared heat reaching the film and thus prevent damage to the film.

Regarding claim 4, a further difference between Gibbon and the claimed invention is "wherein the shutter comprises a shutter of less than about 75 deg." However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gibbon such that the shutter comprises a shutter of less than about 75 deg., since it has been held that discovering an optimum value of a result effective variable involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Boesch*, 617 F.2d 272, 205 USPQ 215 (CCPA 1980).

Regarding claims 2, Gibbon disclose "wherein the lamp house further comprises a lamp bulb anode adaptor (Fig. 2, ref.# 38), attached to a lamp bulb anode (Fig. 2, ref.# 44) of the lamp house, which is sized and shaped to space a rear end of the lamp bulb

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(Fig. 2, ref.# 48) forward from the lamp bulb anode and thereby allow the lamp bulb to be located closer to a front end of the lamp house."

Regarding claims 3, Gibbon discloses "wherein the lamp house further comprises a cantilevered front cathode lamp bulb holder (Fig. 2, ref.# 56, 62) which extends in a forward direction and is adapted to be deflected to align a front end of the lamp bulb."

Regarding claim 6, Gibbon discloses "wherein the head section comprises two lens collar (Fig. 1, ref.# 28) at a front end of the head section, and wherein at least one of the lens collars is an eccentric collar."

9. Claims 5 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Gibbon, et al. (US 6,736,527) in view of Belliveau (US 6,048,080) as applied to claims 1 and 4 above, and further in view of Renold (US 4,778,093).

A further difference between modified Gibbon and the claimed invention is "wherein the film movement system comprises a high speed intermittent." However, the use of a film movement system that comprise a high speed intermittent is routine in the art as is evident from the teaching of Renold (See column 1, lines 9-11). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify Gibbon by including a high speed intermittent. The ordinary artisan would have been motivated to modify Gibbon the manner described above for at least the purpose of allowing the use of large format film (See Renold, column 1, lines 30-36).

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Conclusion

10. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure:

Eddy (US 3,843,879) and Miles (US 3,296,923) each disclose a lamp bulb and a reflector that has a rear aperture with a portion of the lamp bulb extending there through, wherein the rear aperture is larger than a center outer diameter of the lamp bulb.

11. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Rodney E. Fuller whose telephone number is 571-272-2118. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00am - 4:30pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Judy Nguyen can be reached on 571-272-2258. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

June 8, 2005

Rodney E Fuller Primary Examiner Art Unit 2851